Created: July 15,2020 Rivised: May 16,2025

Safety Data Sheet

1.	Product	and	Company	inform	ıation
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Product Name: H1 Bell Hammer Undiluted Solution

Company Name: SUZUKI KIKOH Co., Ltd.

Address: 316-3, Matsuhidai, Matsudo, Chiba, 270-2214

Department: Quality Assurance Department

Phone: 047-385-5311 Fax: 047-385-5313 Reference Number: 150064-GJ3

2. Summary of potential hazards

GHS classification (JIS Z 7252-2014): GHS classification criteria not applicable

Environmental Hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - Chronic:

Category 4

GHS Label Elements:

Pictogram (symbol): None Signal words: None

Hazard statement: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements:

[Safety Measures]: No precautionary statements required under GHS classification

(First Aid Measures): No precautionary statements required under GHS classification

[Storage]: No precautionary statements required under GHS classification

[Disposal]: Entrust the disposal of contents/containers to a specialized waste

disposal contractor authorized by the prefectural governor.

Please refer to the following information and take adequate

Others: precautions regarding safety measures, emergency response, storage,

and disposal.

3. Composition and ingredient information

Product Type: Mixture

Chemical or Common Name: Lubricating Oil

Ingredients and composition: Liquid paraffin 95-99%, Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) 1-5%

Chemical properties

(formula):

Not Specified

Control Law: Confidential CASNo. Confidential

4. First-aid treatment

If inhaled: Move to fresh air, rest in a comfortable position. If feeling unwell,

seek medical attention.

If in contact with Wipe off with cloth or paper, then wash the affected area with water

and soap.

If in eyes:

Rinse thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if easily removable. Continue washing.

If swallowed:

Do not induce vomiting. If mouth is contaminated, rinse thoroughly

with water. Seek medical attention if feeling unwell.

5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing Agents: Fine spray, foam, powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Agents:

Water sprays or pouring water may spread the fire.

Specific hazards in case of

fire:

skin:

Toxic gases such as carbon monoxide, phosphorus compounds, sulfur

oxides, and hydrogen chloride.

Specific firefighting method: For initial fires, use powder or carbon dioxide extinguishers.

For large-scale fires, use foam extinguishers or fine spray agents.

6. Accidental release measures

Wear appropriate protective gear. Set up barriers to prevent Personal Protection:

unauthorized entry to the affected area.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent the product from entering waterways.

Dispose of used absorbents in compliance with legal regulations.

Cleaning Methods: For small spills, absorb with sand, soil, or other suitable materials.

For large spills, use dikes to contain and collect the material in a safe

place.

Secondary Disaster

Prevention:

Remove any nearby fire sources and prepare firefighting equipment.

7. Handling and Storage Handling

Technical measures

. Wear appropriate protective equipment such as safety glasses and gloves, and avoid direct contact.

- Precautions for safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation in the workspace.
 - Avoid generating steam or mist unnecessarily

When handling quantities exceeding the specified amount, operations • must be conducted at a manufacturing, storage, or handling facility that meets the standards prescribed by law.

- · Obtain the SDS/Instruction manual before use.
- . Do not handle the product until all safety precautions are read and understood.
- · Do not inhale mist
- · Wash hands thoroughly after handling
- · Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling this product
- If the product comes into contact with clothing, remove the contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
- · No open flames allowed

Storage

Suitable storage conditions:

- · Store in a locked container.
- · Seal tightly to prevent contamination by waste or moisture.
- · Store in a cool, dark place away from direct sunlight.
- Ensure good ventilation to prevent steam from accumulating.
- Store separately from incompatible substances, such as strong oxidizing agents.
- Store in accordance with the Fire Service Act.
- No open flames allowed.

8. Exposure prevention and protection measures

If the temperature exceeds 260° C, seal the emission source or install local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical

equipment. Provide facilities for eye washing and body cleansing near

the handling area.

Not set or Not specified.

Exposure Limits: (Occupational Safety Standards: Labor Ministry Notice No. 26, March

27, 1995)

Permissible Concentration • Japan Society for Occupational Health

3mg/m³ (Mineral oil mist, 2010)

TWA total dust 8 mg/m³ (polytetrafluoroethylene, 2012)

· ACGIH

TLV=TWA 5mg/m3 (Mineral oil mist, 2019)

TWA total dust 10mg/m³ (polytetrafluoroethylene, 2012)

Protective Equipment

Although normally unnecessary, wear gas masks for organic gas if

fumes are thought to occur below 260°C etc.

Respiratory Protection: according to the Industrial Safety and Health Law. When the human body is exposed to the decomposed gas generated at $\geq 260^{\circ}$ C,

wear the prescribed airline mask of the Industrial Safety and Health

Law.

Hand Protection: Hand Protection: Oil-resistant gloves

Eye Protection: Eye Protection: Regular protective glasses

Skin and Body Protection:

If there is a possibility of contact, wear oil-resistant long-sleeve work

clothing.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State

Temperaturet:

State: Paste

Color: Dark brown

Odor: Mild

Boiling point: No data available

Decomposition At temperatures above 380° C, carbonyl fluoride, carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, hydrogen fluoride, perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB), toxic

vapors, and particulates may be generated.

Vapor Pressure: Data not available
Volatility: Data not available
Ignition Point: Data not available

Flash Point: 220° C (at C.O.C, typical value)

Explosion Limit: Data not available

Flammability: Fire Service Act, Hazardous Material, Category 4, Petroleum Type 4

(Non-aqueous liquid)

Melting Point: -20° C (Pour point, JIS K 2269; typical value)

Initial Boiling Point: Data not available

Solubility: Insoluble in water. Soluble in petroleum-based solvents.

Density: 0.89 g/cm3 (at 15° C, typical value) Kinematic Viscosity: 37 mm²/s (at 40° C, typical value)

Other: Data not available

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable at room temperature

Reactivity with Water: No reactivity.

Decomposition Products: At temperatures above 380° C, carbonyl

Reactivity: fluoride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen fluoride,

perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB), toxic vapors, and particulates may be

generated.

Conditions to Avoid: Contact with incompatible substances

Incompatible Substances: Strong oxidizing agents

11. Hazard information

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Unable to classify due to insufficient data. Acute Toxicity (Skin): Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation -

Mist):

Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye

Irritation:

Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Respiratory Sensitization: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Skin Sensitization: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Carcinogenicity: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Reproductive Toxicity: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Specific Target Organ

Toxicity (Single Exposure):

Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Specific Target Organ

Toxicity (Repeated

Exposure):

Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Aspiration Hazard: Outside of classification

* The above classification is based on the "Classification Method for Chemicals and Chemical Products in accordance with GHS" (JIS Z7252-2014).

12. Ecological Information

Aquatic Acute Toxicity: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Aquatic Chronic Toxicity: Unable to classify due to insufficient data.

Ozone Layer Impact: None of the components are listed in the Montreal Protocol.

* The above classification is based on the "Classification Method for Chemicals and Chemical

Products in accordance with GHS" (JIS Z7252-2014).

Mobility:□ May move to soil if released into the environment

Degradability: Considered to have low biodegradability

13. Disposal considerations

Prohibited disposal: Dispose of properly in accordance with the "Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act."

When disposing of contents or containers, entrust the task to a licensed specialized waste disposal contractor in accordance with laws and local government ordinances.

When disposing of empty containers, completely remove the contents and either recycle or dispose of them properly according to relevant regulations and local government standards.

14. Transport precautions

UN Classification:

Does not fall under the definition of hazardous materials according to

UN recommendations

UN Number: Not applicable

Domestic Regulations: Fire Service Act: Hazardous Material, Category 4, Petroleum Type 4

(Non-aqueous liquid)

Marine and Air Transport: Not classified as hazardous material

15. Applicable Laws and Regulations

Fire Service Act: Classified as Hazardous Material, Category 4, Petroleum Type 4

The Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Business Control Act

· Not applicable

Occupational Safety and Health Act - Substance Labeling (Article 57)

· Not applicable

Occupational Safety and Health Act – Notification Substances (Article 57–2)

· Not applicable

Chemical Substances Control Law (PRTR Law) - First and Second Category Designated Substances

Not applicable

Water Pollution Control Act: Oil discharge regulation (Permissible concentration: 5 mg/l as normal

hexane extract)

Marine Pollution Control

Act:

Oil discharge regulation (Generally prohibited)

Marine Pollution Prevention Standards for waste containing metals, etc. to be discharged into

Act: landfill sites: Zinc and its compounds - 2 mg/L or less

Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act

• Industrial waste regulation (Prohibition of spreading or discharging)

16. Other Information

References:

- Recommendation for Permissible Concentration, Japan Society for Occupational Health (2019)
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "TLVs and BEIs 2010" (2010)
- 3. International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID) (2000)
- 4. IARC suppl.7(1987)
- 5. IARC Monographs Proggramme on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans(1987)
- 6. EC Council Directive [67/548/EEC], Annex I: "List of Dangerous Substances"
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH): Documentation (2001)
- 8. IARC Monographs Proggramme on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans (1984)
- 9. WHO/IPCS: "Environmental Health Criteria (EHC)" (1982)
- 10. WHO/IPCS: International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC) (2001)
- 11. Classification Method for Chemicals Based on GHS (JIS Z7252:2014)

Handling of the Described Contents

The contents of this document are based on our company's best knowledge, but we do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information. This information may be revised based on new findings and tests.

Since all chemicals may have unknown hazards, it is essential to handle them with utmost care. It is the responsibility of the users to establish safe usage conditions.

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